

Magnetic Measurement at SIGMAPHI

Marie-Julie Leray Pereira







Outline

- Introduction
- Recent developments at Sigmaphi
- A brief overview of magnetic Measurement activities at Sigmaphi
- Recent results and comparison with TOSCA
- Measurement set-up in progress Medaustron project







Introduction

- More than 30 years of development in magnets for particle accelerators
- Sigmaphi is specialized in the design, manufacture and measures of magnets
- Sigmaphi is ISO 9001-2000 certified







Sigmaphi NEWS

DESIGN AND ENGINEERING

Sigmaphi has the suitable softwares and skilled engineers to design a particle beam line







Sigmaphi NEW PRODUCTS: PULSED MAGNETS Technology transfert : partnership with SOLEIL synchrotron

•Development of new concept pulser and kicker for MSL



•In-vacuum Eddy current Septum









Sigmaphi NEW PRODUCTS SUPRACONDUCTIVE MAGNETS

The Q2 and Q3 Quadrupole

Magnets are the analysis magnets of a new particle spectrometer named the Super High Momentum Spectrometer (**SHMS**) which is under construction in **JLAB** experimental Hall C as part of the JLAB 12 GeV upgrade.









<u>Sigmaphi NEW PRODUCTS</u> SUPRACONDUCTIVE MAGNETS JLAB SHMS dipole (4.5T)









<u>A brief overview of Magnetic</u> measurement activities at $\Sigma\Phi$

- Hall probe
- Rotating coil
- Search coil measurement with current ramp







Hall probe measurement



Mapping up to 18 tons in the laboratory



Mapping up to 70 tons in the factory







Rotating coil measurement



From 5kg to 500kg in the laboratory



Up to 3 tons in the factory







MAGNETS AND BEAM TRANSPORT Search coil measurement

Developped for the measurement of the 90° CNAO dipole magnet

CNAO hadrontherapy facility (Pavia - Italy) National Center for Oncologic Hadrontherapy



	HICAT (2001)	CNAO (2006)					
	+ 4.10 ⁻⁴ on Z= -48 +48 mm ∳z	+/- 2.10 ⁻⁴ on Z= -100 +100 mm					
	+/- 48 mm + (GSI) + +/- 100	+/- 100 mm					
	Search coil Parameter						
i	Radius	3670 mm					
	Conductor	Flat wire (2*10)					
	Number of turns	20					
	Width of the coil support	14 mm					
	Height of the coil	6.20 mm					
	Insulated wire diameter	0.635 mm					
	Central coil length	5764.8 mm					
	Fringe field coils length	500 mm					
	Gap between coils	3 mm					

Substrate material





International Magnetic Measurement Workshop CELLS / ALBA, Spain, 18-23 Sept 2011

GP03





Measurement process

Each process is qualified and improved with cross measurements with other laboratories (SOLEIL in 2005 and CERN in few months..)





SN 26 @ 300A	dx (µm)	dy (µm)	θ (mrad)	b9	b15	b21	b27
SIRMAPHI	-6	-19	-0.010	-4.93	-8.85	-20.99	0.0
SULEIL	-7	-44	- 0.105	-4.76	-8.58	-20.02	0.3







<u>Rotating coils</u> <u>Design and manufacture</u>





Litz wire (66 and 33 turns) welding connections

D28.5 rotating coil (Rref = 13mm)







SOME RECENT MEASUREMENT RESULTS comparison with TOSCA

1/ <u>JYVASKILA</u>, 90° dipole magnet Nominal field : 1.36T, massive yoke













Mapping steps defined with TOSCA

Mapping (OFFSET TRAJECTORIES) 7 trajectories (R₀, offset ± 10, offset ± 20, offset ± 35mm with Ro=1250mm) Vertical planes (y=0, y=+20, y=-20mm) Steps Curve parts step 1° from theta 0 to theta 36° step 0.5° from theta 36° to theta 45° Straight parts Step 10mm from z0mm to 100mm Step 15mm from z100mm to z400mm

Measurement accuracy Hall probe qualification = 0.2Gauss Power supply stability = 60ppm









dB/B

-40

-30



International Magnetic Measurement Workshop CELLS / ALBA, Spain, 18-23 Sept 2011

-20

8:00E-04

6:00E-04

4:00E-04

2:00E-04

0:00E+00

-10 0 -2.00E-04

offset radius (mm)



40

30

20

-B-AL2

----- Tosca







International Magnetic Measurement Workshop CELLS / ALBA, Spain, 18-23 Sept 2011

-2.00E-03

Offset trajectory (mm)



- 20

0 Tosca

- 20.4 Tosca





		specification	TOSCA	MEASURE AL1	MEASURE AL2	
	Bo(Gauss)	Expected <20	/	<	<30	
	ΔLeff (mm)	Expected 3mm	1.2		2	
	Linearity B, B/3	/	21%	2	0%	
	current(A)	300	300	300	300	
	NI (A.t)	/	46200	46200	46200	
	Bo (T)	1.36	1.392222	1.416049	1.416021	
	Leff 1/2 magnet (mm)	/	981.49	981.21	982.29	
	Total Leff (mm)	1963 +/-1	1962.98	19	63.5	
	BL0 (T.mm)	/	1366.445	1389.423	1391.118	
	angle (*)	26.26 +/-1	26.16	26.32	26.08	
	dB/B	<+/- 5.10-4	-3.15E-04	-4.85E-04	-5.16E-04	
Bmax	dBL/BL plan0	<+/- 9.10 ⁻⁴	7.92E-04	7.59E-04	1.00E-03	
	current(A)		100	100	100	
	NI (A.t)		15400	15400	15400	
	B (T)		0.562031	0.565385	0.565838	
	Leff 0 (mm)		982.70	983.29	983.58	
	BL0 (T.mm)		552.310	555.940	556.549	
	angle (°)		26.37	26.06	26.38	
	dB/B		1.30E-03	1.18E-03	9.00E-04	
Bmin	dBL/BL		3.52E-04	2.83E-04	2.10E-04	







<u>SOME RECENT MEASUREMENT RESULTS</u> comparison with TOSCA

2/ <u>TRIESTE</u>, 3A dipole magnet, quantity 5 Laminated magnets, Bo=0.125T, 100A

Mapping points for the prototype magnet (n1) Trieste specification (minimum points and trajectories)



X(mm)



International Magnetic Measurement Workshop CELLS / ALBA, Spain, 18-23 Sept 2011



Z(mm)



One trajectory reproducibility (magnet n1 at 101.5A, central trajectory measured two times)









dBL/BL at the nominal current



X(mm)









Effective length at the nominal current









3/ TRIESTE, 3C dipole magnet, quantity 7 Laminated magnets, Bo=0.85T, 500A







International Magnetic Measurement Workshop CELLS / ALBA, Spain, 18-23 Sept 2011

at y=0





One trajectory reproducibility - Integrated field and effective length



B=f(Z) @500A (magnet 3Cn6)

[m02	m03
average curre	500.00	499.99
BL (T.mm)	316.801	316.797
Bo(T)	0.857260	0.857250
Leff(mm)	369.551	369.551

0.004 T.mm 0.10 Gauss 0.0005 mm







Comparison between magnets / SPEC and TOSCA values

dBL/BL at the nominal current



X(mm)







Comparison between magnets / SPEC and TOSCA values



			Trieste	Tosca calculation	Magnet n1 to n7
			specification		
5	pec TRIESTE	Bo	0.85 T at 500A	0.860 T @ 500A	> 0.8572 T at 500A
				0.432 @ 250A	
-20	-15	Leff	370mm	370.45 @ 500A	369.16 < Leff (mm) < 370.78
		dLeff	$\leq 1 \text{mm}$	0.14mm	≤ 1.16 mm
		dB/B	< 0.05 %	2.5 E-5	$\Delta < 1.5 \text{ E-4}$
		+/- 15 mm			
		dBL/BL	< 0.1 %	1.30E-4	$\Delta \leq 5.2 \text{ E-4}$
		+/- 15 mm			







Link beetween design / manufacturing process and measurement results For example : magnet multipole components distribution



B6 Comparison







B10 Comparison









in the second se

MAGNETS AND BEAM TRANSPORT

3	Q2T1	26 magnets					
4		dx	dy	Angle	82	b6	b10
5	Theoric goal	0	0	0	0.0216	1.00	0.00
б	Average	-16	-16	-1.6940	0.0224	0.34	-0.29
7	Std Dev	54.57	63.02	0.804	0.0000	0.65	0.32
8	Max	100	-188	-3.647	0.0223	1.91	0.01
9	Min	-149	77	-0.454	0.0225	-0.90	-0.90
0	Range	249	265	3.193	0.0002	2.81	0.91
1	Average+2S	93	110	-0.085	0.0224	1.64	0.35
2	Average-25	-125	-142	-3.303	0.0223	-0.97	-0.92
3	Interval	218	252	3.217	0.0001	2.60	1.26
4	1						
5	Q717	46 magnets					
б		dx	dy	Angle	B2	b6	b10
7	Theoric goal	0	0	0	0.0801	1.00	0.00
8	Average	-4	-28	-0.8022	0.0830	-0.01	-0.50
9	Std Dev	111.32	46.24	1.262	0.0002	0.94	0.33
0	Max	205	-127.042243	-4.090	0.0825	2.30	0.29
1	Min	-205	89	1.104	0.0835	-2.10	-1.34
2	Range	411	216.042243	5.194	0.0010	4.40	1.63
3	Average+25	219	64	1.722	0.0834	1.86	0.15
4	Average-25	-226	-121	-3.326	0.0826	-1.89	-1.16
5	Interval	445	185	5.048	0.0008	3.74	1.31
-	0.000000000						









MEDAUSTRON project

Centre for ion therapy and research in Austria

For more detail : presentation given by Thomas Zickler

Quadrupole Magnets for the Medium and High Energy Beam Transfer Lines 11 MQZB 81 MQZE

ebg *Med* Austron

2700 Wiener Neustadt - Austria









Upgrade of our rotating coil bench

A new girder, used for both type of magnets and for the rotating coil calibration A new rotating coil, active length 1150mm, Rmeas=30mm in carbon fiber









Magnet degaussing in bipolar, minimum current value 1.38A Measurement Qualification with a cross-check measurement of 5 prototypes at <u>CERN</u>





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



